

ICD – 10 Correct Coding Edits



Dear Provider,

This letter is to inform you of edits that will be put into place on September 1st, 2022.

The following edits are supported by Policy CC.PP.011 and can be found here: [CC.PP.011 Code Editing](https://www.westernskycommunitycare.com/CC.PP.011) (westernskycommunitycare.com)

The Source material for the Policy and edits is the ICD 10 Manual.

How will I identify these denials?

When a billed line is denied for one of these ICD 10 rules, your Explanation of Payment (EOP) will be annotated with “DIAGNOSIS CODE INCORRECTLY CODED PER ICD10 MANUAL”

What are the ICD 10 rules I should monitor?

The following rules may apply to claims submitted on or after September 1, 2022:

1. Secondary Diagnosis Edit – PSDD: If any procedure or service is billed and the Primary, First-Listed, Principle or Only Diagnosis is one of the ICD-10 codes designated as Secondary, then the PSDD edit will be applied to the procedure or service. This edit will not apply to specific DME specialties. Applies to both professional and facility claims.
2. Mutually Exclusive Diagnosis Code Edit – MEDX: The MEDX edit indicates that the excluded diagnosis code identified in the Excludes 1 Note should never be used at the same time as the code or code range listed above the Excludes 1 Note. Any line where these diagnosis codes are reported together will have the associated procedure code denied. Only applies to professional claims (facility claims are excluded).
3. Lateral Policy for Diagnosis to Diagnosis – LADX: Some ICD-10-CM codes indicate laterality, specifying whether the condition occurs on the left, right or is bilateral. It is not appropriate to report unspecified, or left and right diagnosis codes when a more specific (e.g. bilateral) code is available. The LADX edit denies a claim line when a procedure code is used and the associated diagnosis code is not specifying the laterality of the condition. Only applies to professional claims (facility claims are excluded).
4. Lateral Policy for Diagnosis to Modifier Mismatch – LAMD: The LAMD edit denies claim lines when there is a mismatch between the diagnosis code and the procedure code modifier appended to the line. This is defined in the ICD-10 Manual with reason Diagnosis Code(s) Inappropriately coded. Only applies to professional claims (facility claims are excluded).

5. Chemotherapy Only Diagnosis Edit – CODX: If any procedure or service is billed and the Primary, First-Listed, Principle or Only Diagnosis is one of the ICD-10 codes designated as Secondary, then the PSDD edit will be applied to the procedure or service. This edit will not apply to specific DME specialties. Applies to both professional and facility claims.
6. Manifestation Diagnosis Codes – MADX: If any procedure or service is billed and the Primary, First-Listed, Principal or Only Diagnosis is a manifestation code the procedure code is denied because a manifestation code is a diagnosis of some other underlying disease, not the etiology (cause) of the disease itself. MADX will be applied to the procedure or service with reason Primary, First-Listed, Principal or Only Diagnosis Inappropriately Coded. Applies to both professional and facility claims.
7. Sequela Diagnosis Edit– DXSQ: If any procedure or service is billed and the Primary, First-Listed, Principle or Only Diagnosis is one of the ICD-10 codes designated as Secondary, then the PSDD edit will be applied to the procedure or service. This edit will not apply to specific DME specialties. Applies to both professional and facility claims.
8. Manifestation Diagnosis Codes – MADX: If any procedure or service is billed and the Primary, First-Listed, Principal or Only Diagnosis is a manifestation code the procedure code is denied because a manifestation code is a diagnosis of some other underlying disease, not the etiology (cause) of the disease itself. MADX will be applied to the procedure or service with reason Primary, First-Listed, Principal or Only Diagnosis Inappropriately Coded. Applies to both professional and facility claims
9. External Causes Diagnosis Edit – ECDX: If any procedure or service is billed and the Primary, First-Listed, Principal or Only Diagnosis is a manifestation code the procedure code is denied because a manifestation code is a diagnosis of some other underlying disease, not the etiology (cause) of the disease itself. MADX will be applied to the procedure or service with reason Primary, First-Listed, Principal or Only Diagnosis Inappropriately Coded. Applies to both professional and facility claims.
10. Evaluation and Management with Preventive and Z Diagnosis Code Policy – EPZD, EPZR: EPZD denies the Evaluation and Management service when it is reported with a Preventive Medicine Evaluation and Management service and ICD 10 Z diagnosis code(s) are the only diagnosis codes on the lines. EPZR is the reverse edit to EPZD. It denies the Preventive Medicine Evaluation and Management service when it is reported on the same date of service, for the same patient, by the same provider, as an Evaluation and Management service and ICD-10 Z diagnosis codes are the only diagnoses on the lines.
11. Invalid Diagnosis Edit – INVD: The diagnosis code(s) reported are invalid on the line as they are either an incomplete, a not active or a non-existent ICD-10 diagnosis code. The procedure reported with the invalid ICD-10 diagnosis code will have an INVD edit applied and the procedure code will be denied.
 - Incomplete: DX code reported is not coded to the highest level of specificity based on Date of Service.
 - Not Active: DX code reported for DOS before its effective date or after the termination date.
 - Non-Existent: DX code reported that has never been a valid ICD-10 diagnosis code.

This edit only applies to ICD-10 Diagnosis codes (Date of Service October 1, 2015 and later).

If you have any questions, please reach out to your PR Representative.

Thank you,

Western Sky Community Care Provider Relations